

Jaeger 3rd ed

16.5

$$A_v(s) = \frac{s + 3e9}{(s + 10^7)(1 + \frac{s}{10^9})} = \frac{3e9}{(1 + \frac{s}{10^7})(1 + \frac{s}{10^9})}$$

$$(a) = \left[ \underset{\text{Amid}}{300} \right] \left[ \underset{F_H(s)}{\frac{(1 + \frac{s}{3e9})}{(1 + \frac{s}{10^7})(1 + \frac{s}{10^9})}} \right]$$

(b) The dominant pole is at  $-10^7$  rad/s

$$(c) A_v(s) \approx 300 \frac{1}{1 + \frac{s}{10^7}}$$

$$(d) f_H \approx \frac{10^7}{2\pi} = 1.59 \text{ MHz (approx)}$$

(e) Exact  $f_H$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1 + \frac{\omega_H^2}{9e18}}{1 + \frac{\omega_H^2}{10^{14}}} \frac{1}{1 + \frac{\omega_H^2}{10^{18}}}$$

$$0 = \omega_H^4 + \omega_H^2 [1.0 \times 10^{18}] - 10^{32}$$

$$\omega_H^2 = 99.98 \times 10^{12} \text{ or } -1.0 \times 10^{18}$$

$$\omega_H = 9.999 \times 10^6$$

$$f_H = 1.59 \text{ MHz (exact)}$$