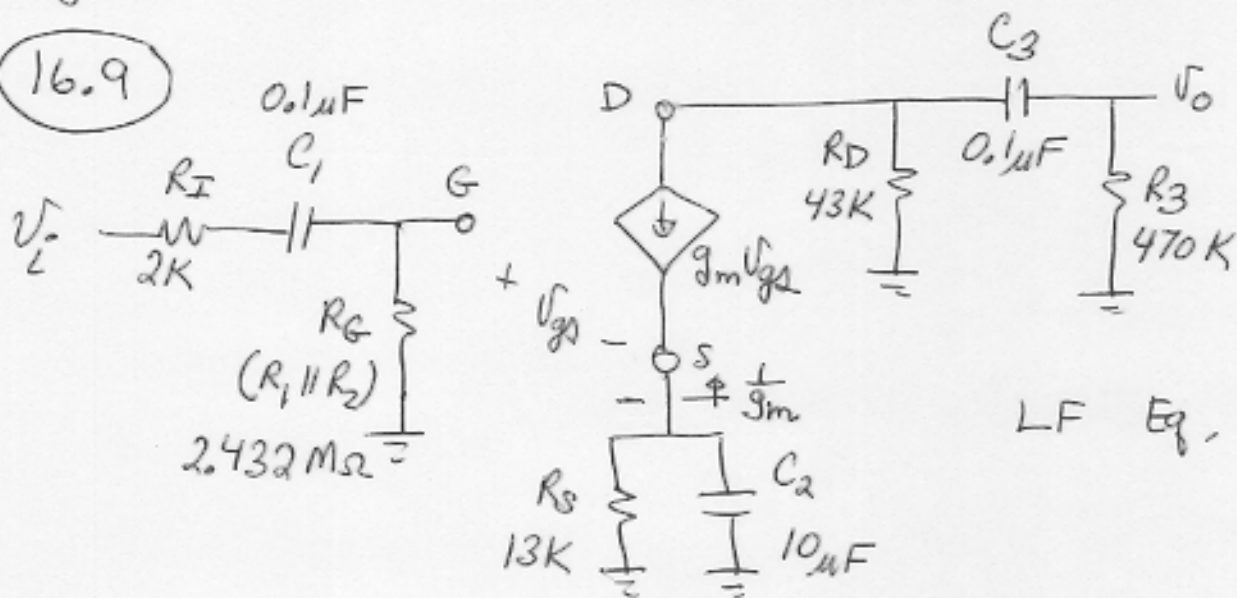


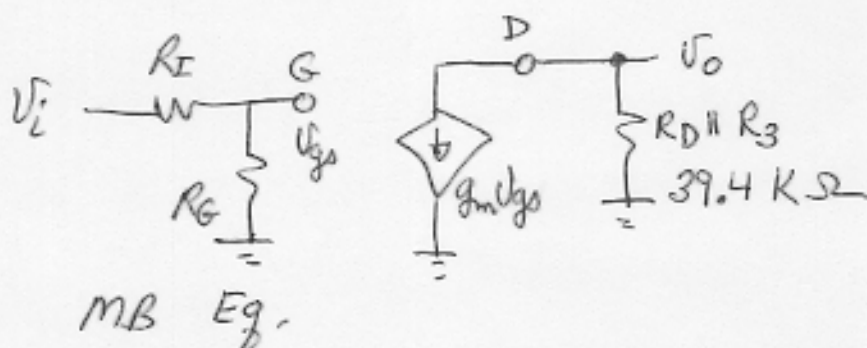
Jaeger 3rd ed

16.9



LF Eq.

(a)



MB Eq.

$$I_D = 0.2 \text{ mA}$$

$$V_{DS} = 5 \text{ V}$$

$$(V_{GS} - V_{TN}) = 1 \text{ V}$$

$$g_m = \frac{2I_D}{V_{GS} - V_{TN}} = 0.4 \text{ mS}$$

$$(b) \quad A_m = \left. \frac{V_o}{V_i} \right|_{\text{midband}} = -g_m (R_D \parallel R_3) \frac{R_G}{R_G + R_I} = -15.7$$

Three LF poles at:

$$\omega_{p1} = \frac{1}{C_1 (R_I + R_G)} = 4.108 / \text{s}$$

$$\omega_{p3} = \frac{1}{C_3 (R_D + R_3)} = 19.5 / \text{s}$$

$$\omega_{p2} = \frac{1}{C_2 (R_S \parallel \frac{1}{g_m})} = 47.7 / \text{s}$$

16.9 cont

three corresponding lf zeros are:

$$\omega_{z1} = 0 \quad \omega_{z3} = 0 \quad \omega_{z2} = \frac{1}{R_S C_2} = 7.69 /s$$

$$F_L(s) = \frac{s}{s + \omega_{p1}} \frac{s + \omega_{z2}}{s + \omega_{p2}} \frac{s}{s + \omega_{p3}}$$

find f_L exactly, solve

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{\omega_L^2}{\omega_L^2 + \omega_{p1}^2} \frac{\omega_L^2 + \omega_{z2}^2}{\omega_L^2 + \omega_{p2}^2} \frac{\omega_L^2}{\omega_L^2 + \omega_{p3}^2} \quad (\text{3rd order})$$

the approximation

$$\omega_L \approx \sqrt{\sum_i \omega_{pi}^2 - 2 \sum_i \omega_{zi}^2} = 50.5 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$f_L = 8.0 \text{ Hz}$$

$$(c) \quad V_{DD} = I_D (R_D + R_S) + V_{DS} = +16.2 \text{ V}$$